
CORRSYS

DATRON

Sensorsysteme GmbH

A Kistler Group Company

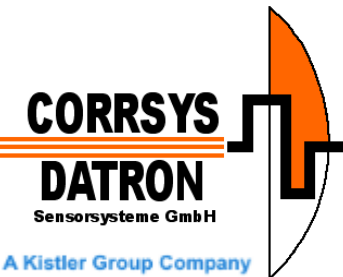


High resolution slip angle measurement

Corrsys-Datron Sensorsysteme GmbH
A Kistler Group Company

www.Corrsys-Datron.com

Corrsys-Datron Sensordysteme GmbH



Headquarters:

Charlotte-Bamberg Str. 12
35578 Wetzlar
Germany

Since 2009:
A Kistler Group Company

Short Product Overview

CORRSYS
DATRON
Sensorsysteme GmbH

A Kistler Group Company



- Optical Sensors
- Mechanical Sensors
- Fuel Measurement Sensors
- Equipment
- Data Acquisition
- Software



CORRSYS

DATRON

Sensorsysteme GmbH

A Kistler Group Company



Technologie

www.Corrsys-Datron.com

Optical Sensors for slip angle measurement

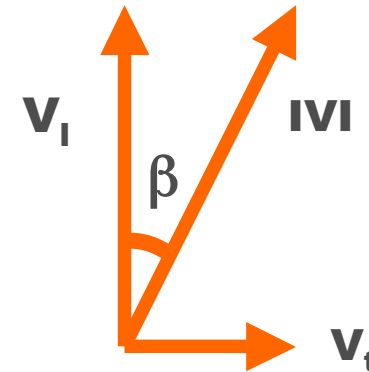


Specifications

- Non-Contact optical sensor
- 2 axis sensor
- High bandwidth of 250 Hz
- Speed range up to 250 kph
- Resolution 2,66 mm
- Accuracy 0,2% FSO

Slip angle specifications

- Improved working principal for slip angle
- High resolution slip angle of 0.01°
- Slip angle accuracy of 0.1°
- Low noise (unfiltered)



S-HR Sensor

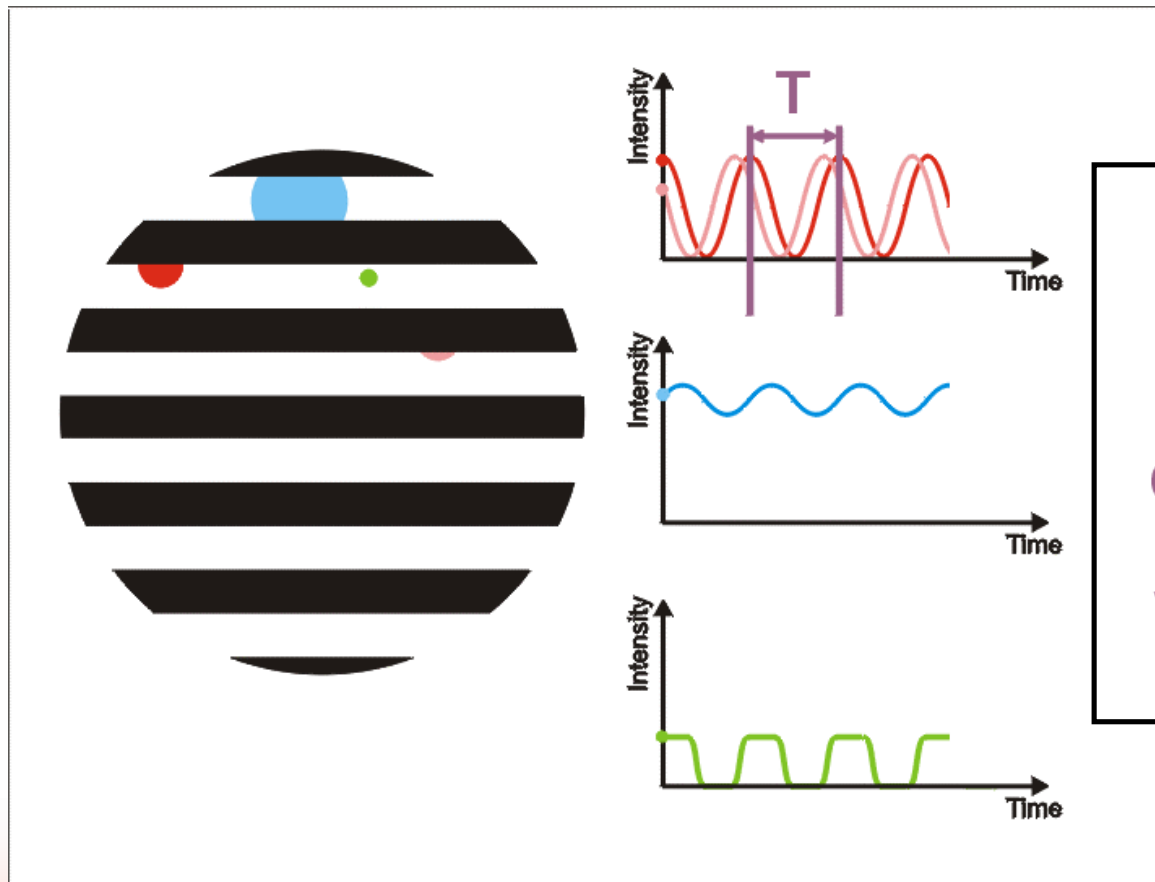
Working principal of Correvit® One axis

CORRSYS

DATRON

Sensorsysteme GmbH

A Kistler Group Company



$$f = 1/T$$
$$= \frac{v \cdot M}{g}$$

OR

$$v = \frac{f \cdot g}{M}$$

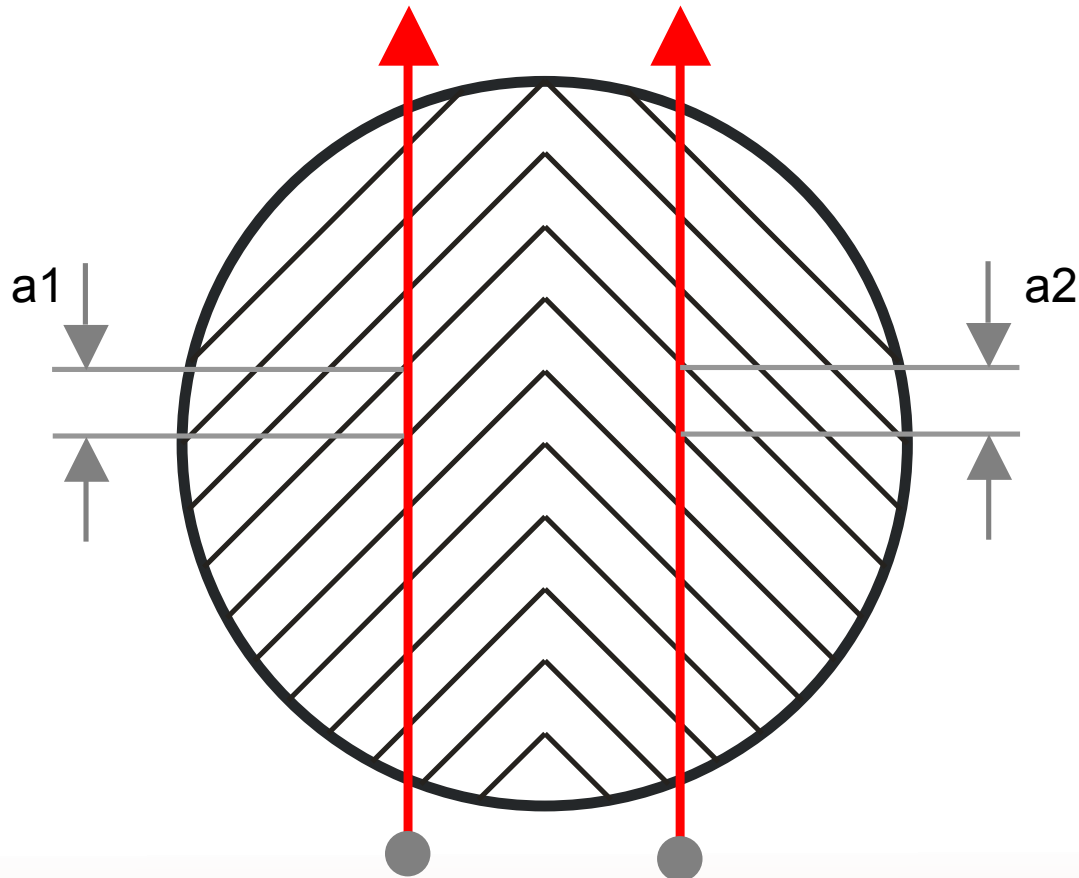
Working principal of Correvit® Two axis Speed

CORRSYS

DATRON

Sensorsysteme GmbH

A Kistler Group Company



Mathematics:

$$a_1 = a_2$$

$$f_1 = f_2 \Rightarrow v_1 = v_2$$

$$v = (f \cdot g) / M$$

$$v_{abs} = \text{sqr}(v_1^2 + v_2^2)$$

$$\text{angle} = 45^\circ - \text{atan}(f_1/f_2)$$

$$v_L = v_{abs}$$

$$v_Q = 0$$

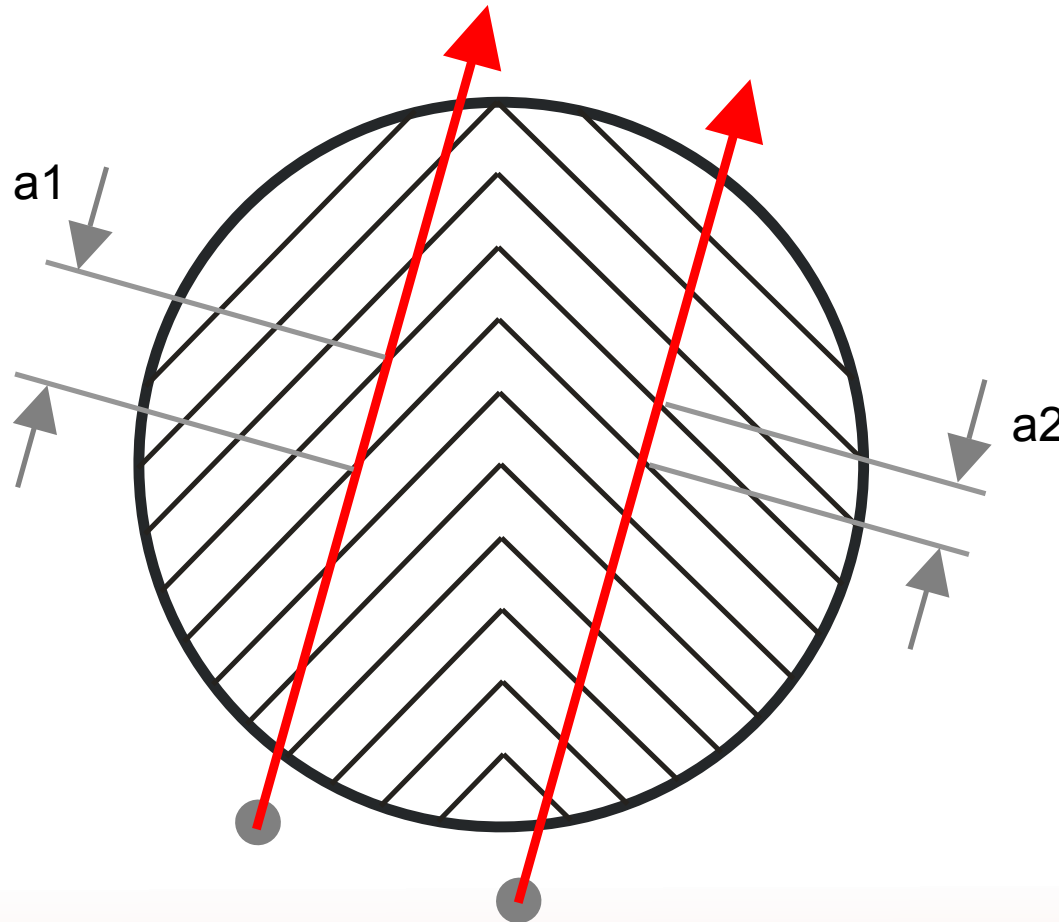
Working principal of Correvit® Two axis Speed

CORRSYS

DATRON

Sensorsysteme GmbH

A Kistler Group Company



Mathematics:

$$a_1 > a_2$$

$$f_1 < f_2 \Rightarrow v_1 < v_2$$

$$v = (f \cdot g) / M$$

$$v_{abs} = \text{sqr}(v_1^2 + v_2^2)$$

$$\text{angle} = 45^\circ - \text{atan}(f_1/f_2)$$

$$v_L = v_{abs} \cdot \cos(\text{angle})$$

$$v_Q = v_{abs} \cdot \sin(\text{angle})$$

Current Status

CORRSYS

DATRON

Sensorsysteme GmbH

A Kistler Group Company

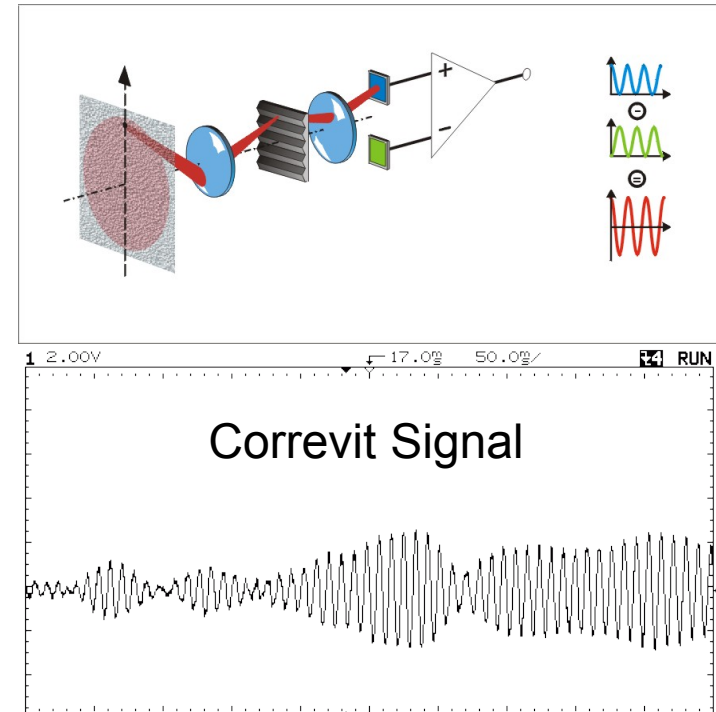


Current sensors:

- Based on Correvit principal
- Distance measuring system
- Speed and angle information is calculated
- Distance resolution 1,5 to 2,5mm

Current Problems:

- Low resolution of slip angle
- Noise on slip angle
- Resolution is speed dependant



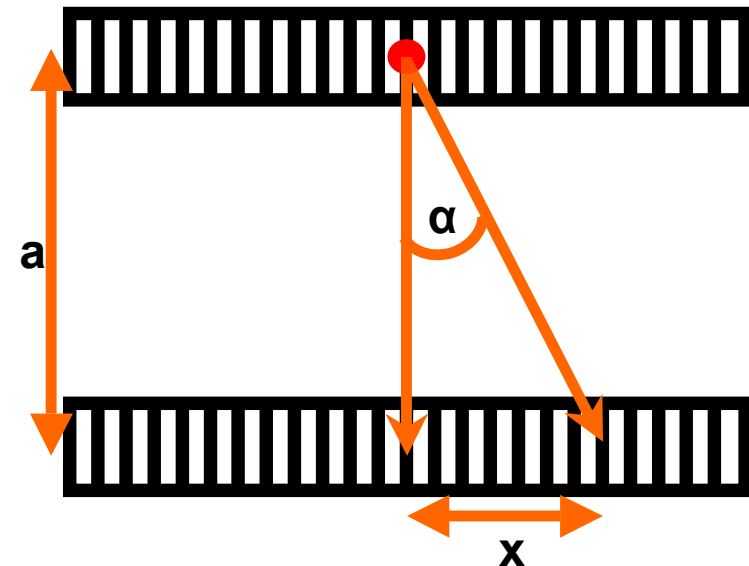
Improvement

New S-HR sensor

- New, patented optical principal
- CCD lines for high resolution slip angle
- Combined with Correvit principal
- Distance and angle measuring system
- Speed and angle information is calculated
- Distance resolution 1,5 to 2,5mm

Improved values

- Angle resolution: $0,01^\circ$
- Angle accuracy: $0,1^\circ$





CORRSYS



DATRON

Sensorsysteme GmbH

A Kistler Group Company



Signal improvement

www.Corrsys-Datron.com

Signal improvements

CORRSYS

DATRON

Sensorsysteme GmbH

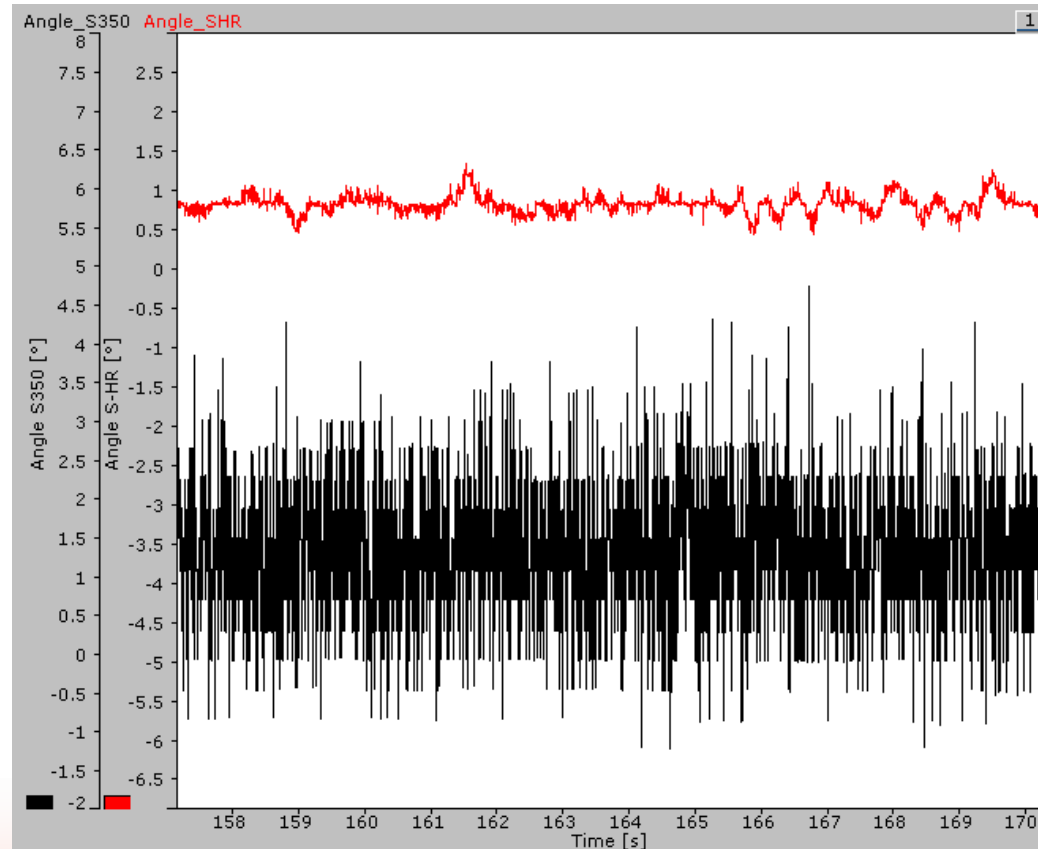
A Kistler Group Company



Comparison slip angle in static condition at car:

- S350
- S-HR

- Performed at constant speed of 80 kph.
- scaling is identical
- sensors are unfiltered



Slip angle versus speed

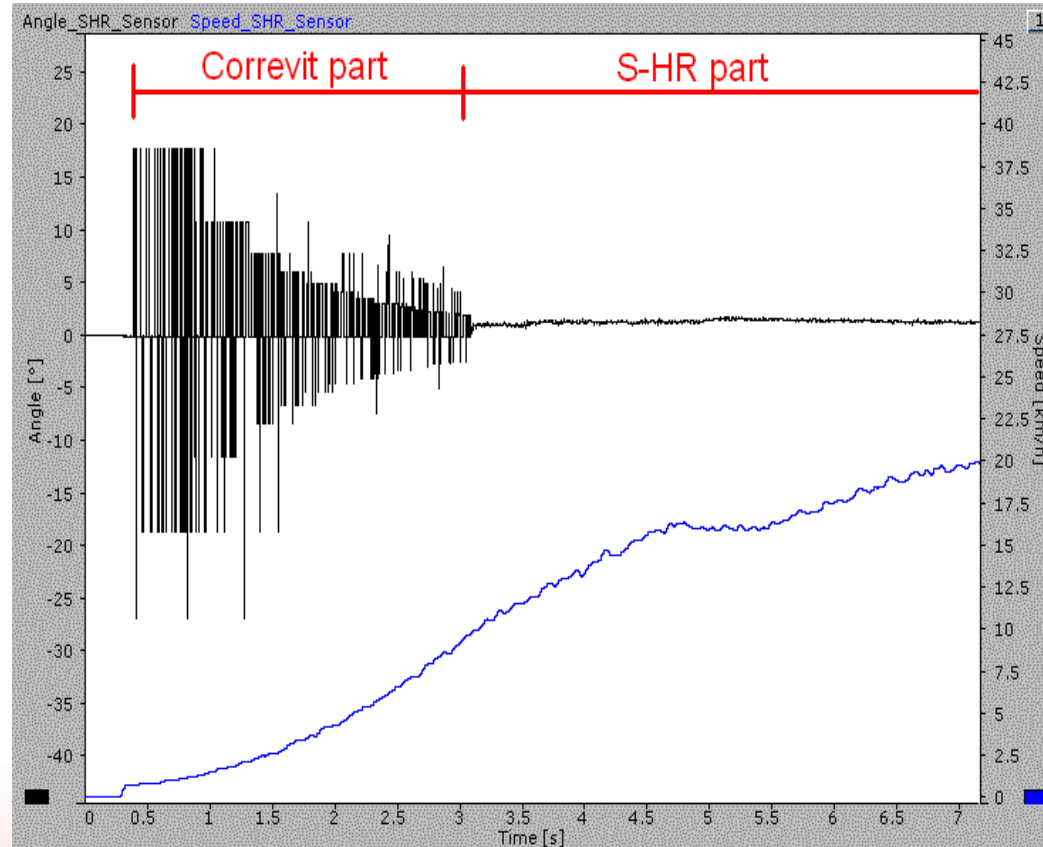


Correvit part

- Low resolution area below 10 kph
- Resolution is dependent on speed

S-HR part

- Low resolution area above 10 kph
- Resolution is not dependent on speed



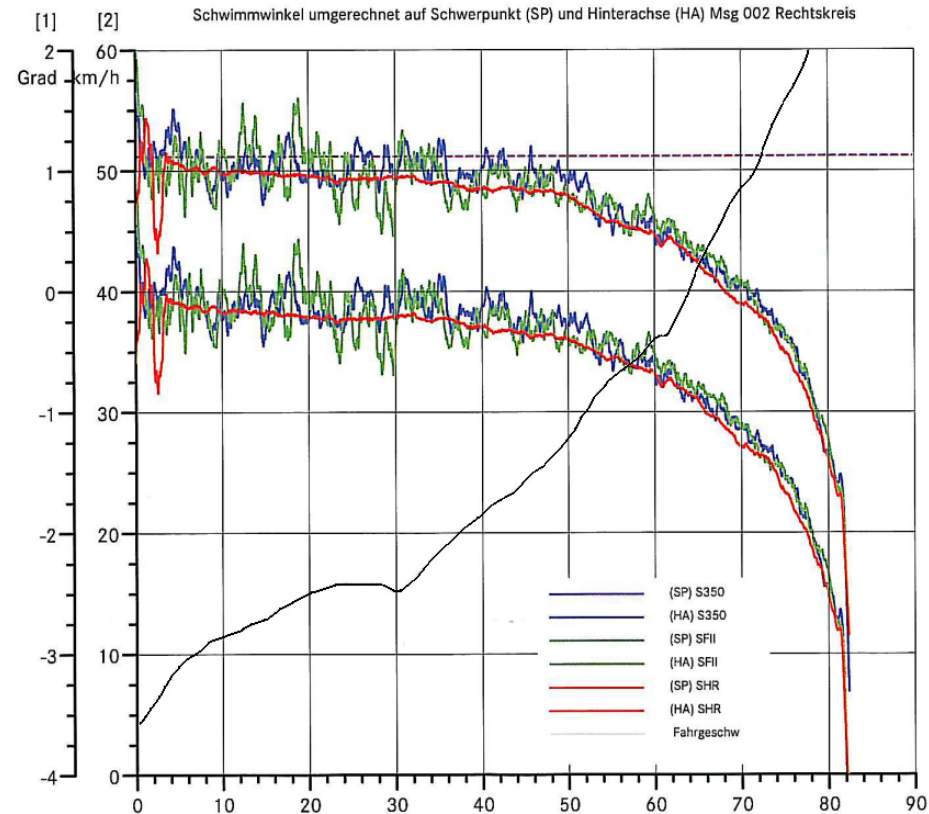
Customer Test



Comparison slip angle steady state circular :

- SFII
- S350
- S-HR

- Performed by a German Customer.
- Sensors are unfiltered



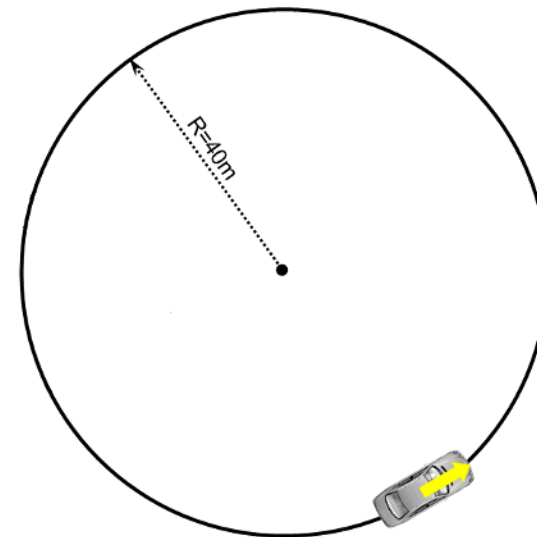
Applications

ISO Tests:

- Sine Sweep
- Steady state circular
- Yaw amplification
- Step steer input
- ...

Other Applications:

- Tyre development
- ESP development
- Crosswind
- ...





CORRSYS

DATRON

Sensorsysteme GmbH

A Kistler Group Company

Applications

www.Corrsys-Datron.com

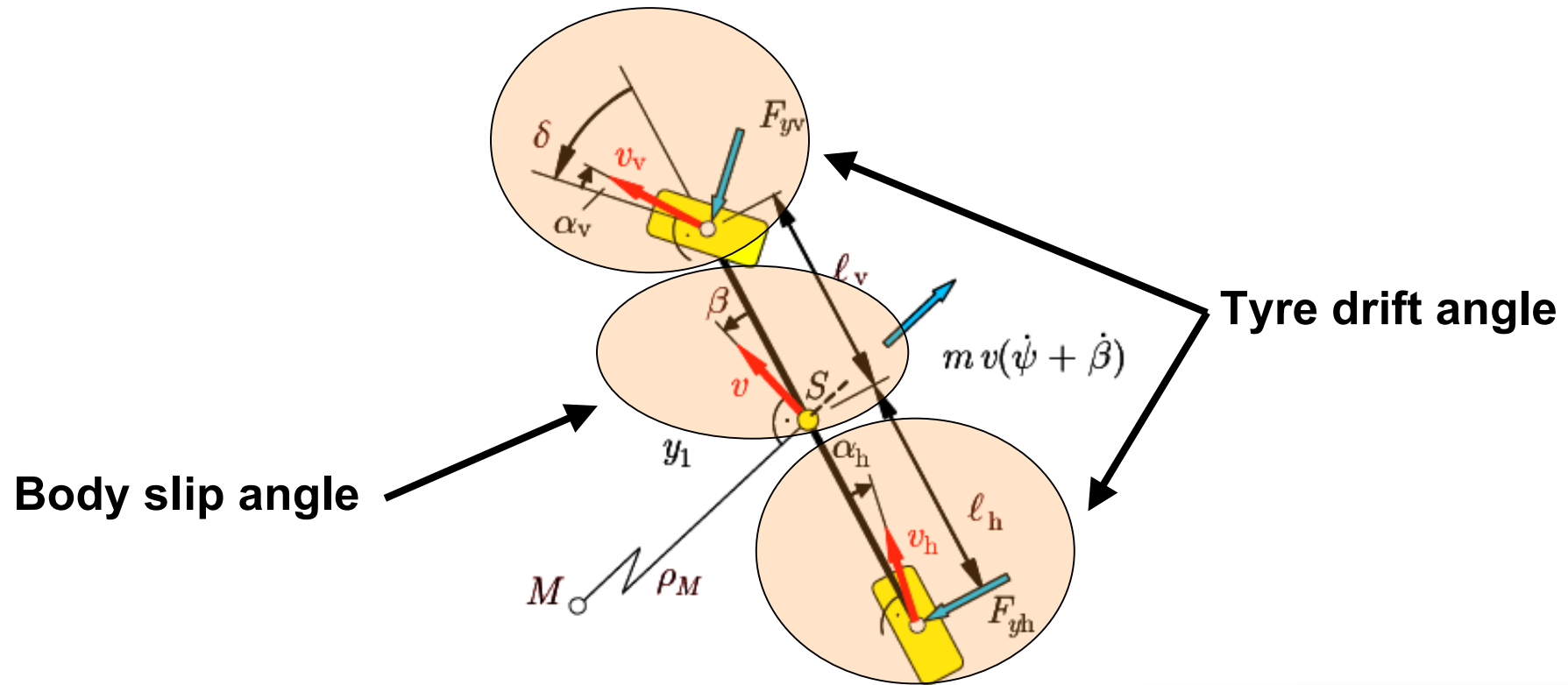
Slip angle at car

CORRSYS

DATRON

Sensorsysteme GmbH

A Kistler Group Company

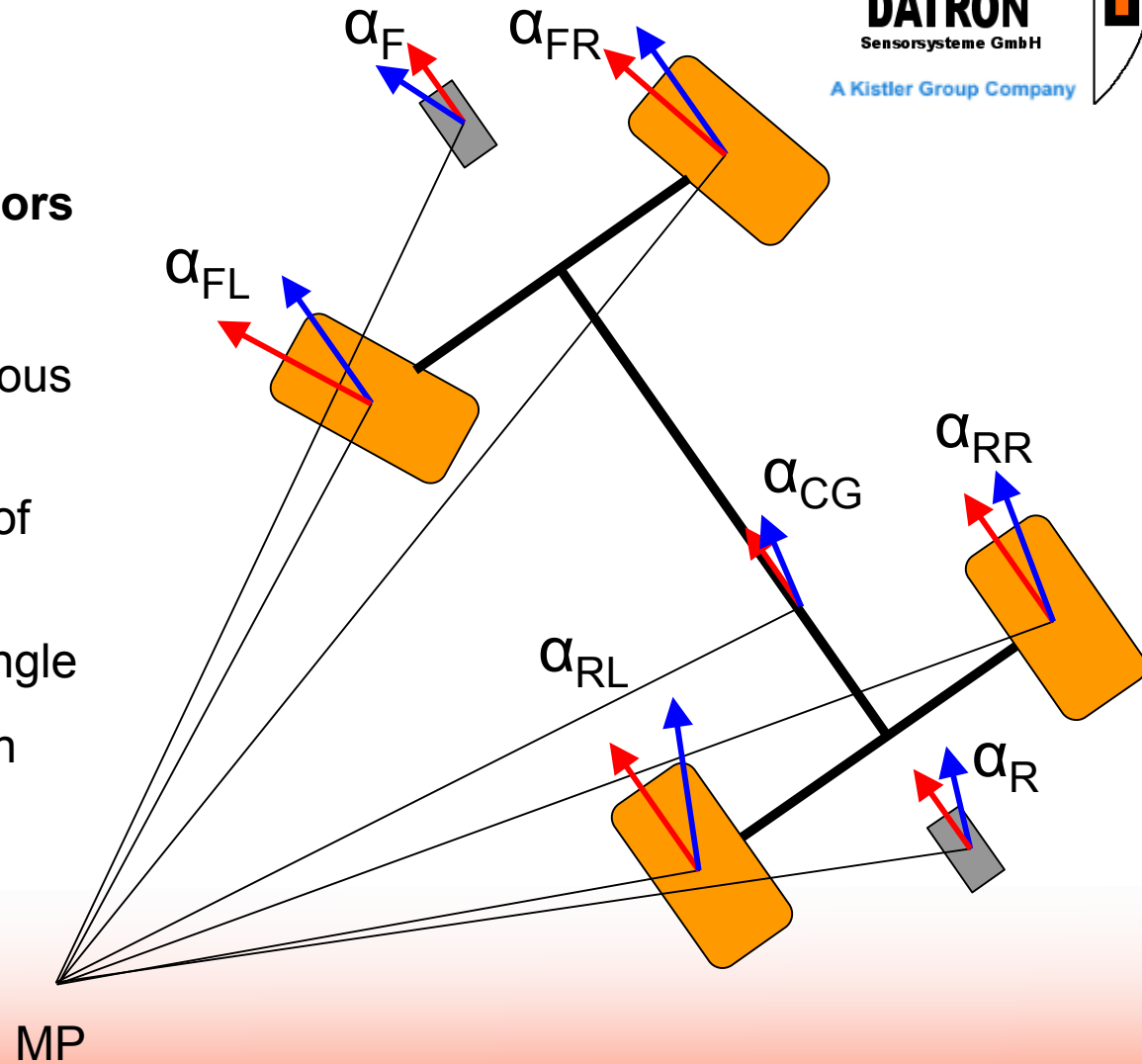


**Linear
one-track model**

Slip angle at car

Calculation of tyre drift angle using 2 S-HR sensors

- Calculation of instantaneous center MP
- Calculation of slip angle of CG
- Calculation of tyre drift angle
- at front axle: transmission of steer angle must be added



Self steer behavior

CORRSYS

DATRON

Sensorsysteme GmbH

A Kistler Group Company

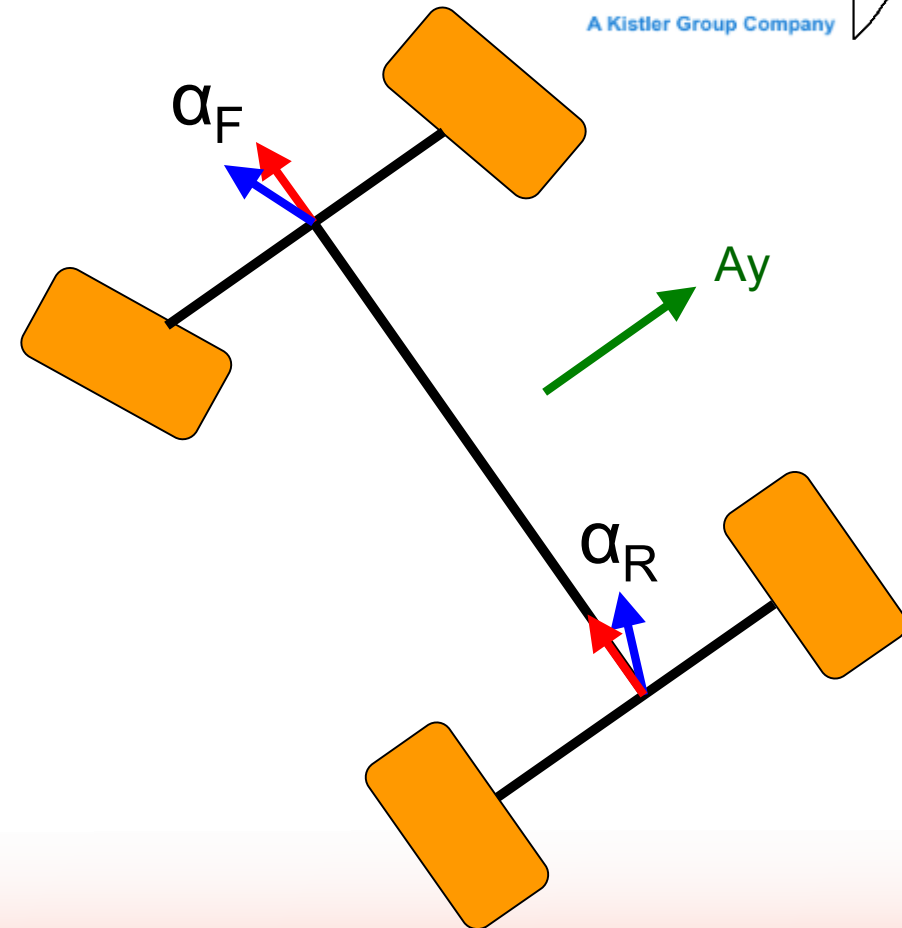


Based on slip angles and lateral acceleration

$$\frac{\ddot{\alpha}_F}{\ddot{A}_Y} - \frac{\ddot{\alpha}_R}{\ddot{A}_Y} > 0 \quad \text{Understeer}$$

$$\frac{\ddot{\alpha}_F}{\ddot{A}_Y} - \frac{\ddot{\alpha}_R}{\ddot{A}_Y} < 0 \quad \text{Oversteer}$$

$$\frac{\ddot{\alpha}_F}{\ddot{A}_Y} - \frac{\ddot{\alpha}_R}{\ddot{A}_Y} = 0 \quad \text{Neutral}$$



CORRSYS

DATRON

Sensorsysteme GmbH

A Kistler Group Company



Thank you for your attention

www.Corrsys-Datron.com