

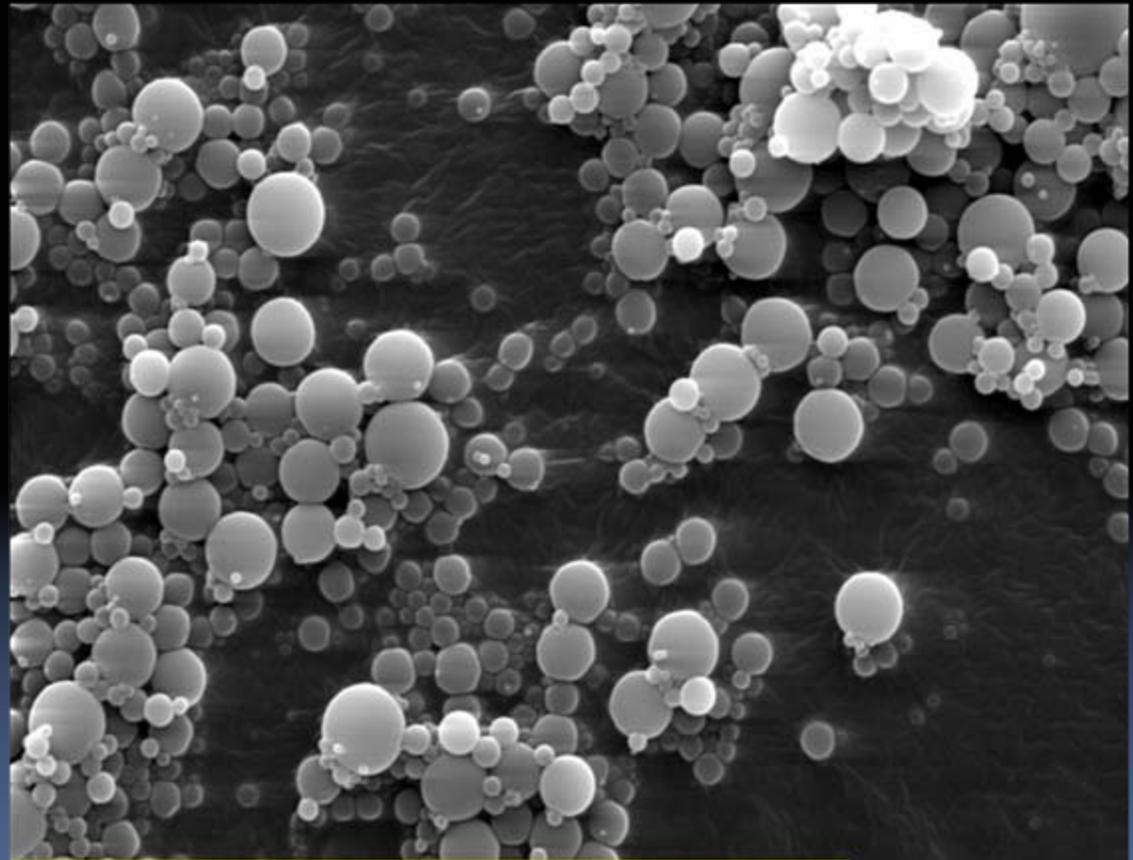
# Electrorheologic semi-active damper for racing motorcycles

Dr.-Ing. Joachim Funke, Fludicon GmbH  
Darmstadt, Germany

Vehicle Dynamics Expo  
Stuttgart, 16<sup>th</sup> – 18<sup>th</sup> June 2009

- Some words about electrorheology
- Motorcycle riding dynamics characteristics
- Positive effects of ER technology on motorcycle riding dynamics
- ER rear damper design
- Damper performance comparison

- Fludicon's ER Fluid is a dispersion of electrically polarizable particles (PUR) in a nonpolar base liquid (silicone oil)
- Non-abrasive
- Non-toxic
- Lightweight



**Particles (SEM Image)**

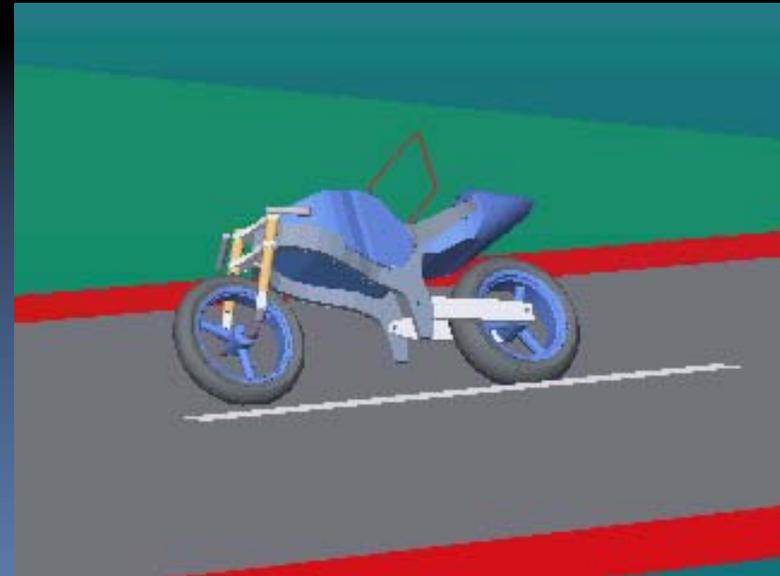
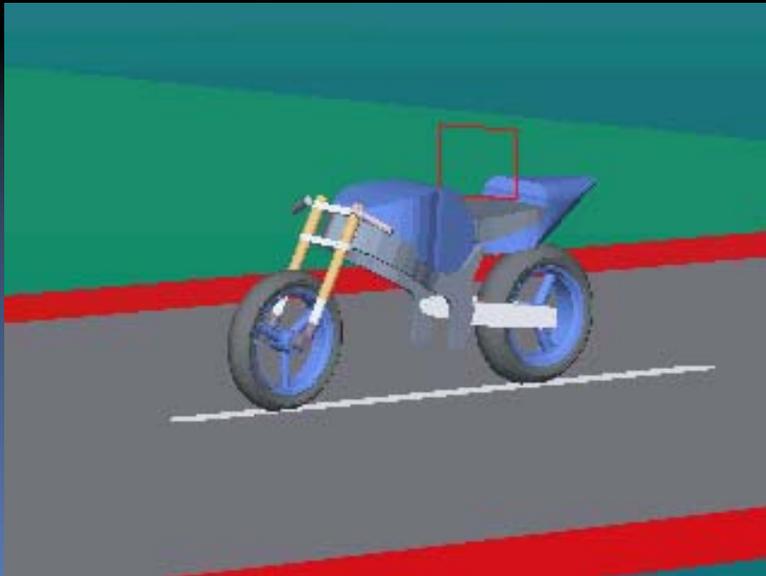
—10  $\mu\text{m}$ —

- An electric field induces dipoles in the particles (PUR) which form chain-like structures along the electric field lines. Therefore the visco-elastic behaviour of the ERF changes dramatically from a Newtonian fluid to a Bingham Plastic
- This change is continuous, reversible and extremely fast ( $< 1\text{ms}$ )

- Longitudinal Dynamics – Pitch
  - High center of gravity in combination with short wheelbase and suspension kinematics leads to large pitch motions when braking
  - Especially at the beginning of a braking manoeuvre, wheel loads strongly depend on pitch angle and its derivations
  - When racing, the pitch angle should be built up as quickly as possible
  - In real-world traffic situations, front wheel load must be built up as quickly as possible to prevent dynamic front locking and to help ABS to achieve short braking distances



- Lateral Dynamics – Weave
  - Every lateral motion leads to suspension response, wheel load depends on roll angle and its deviations
  - Especially in-curve weave leads to strong suspension response
  - Semi-active suspensions can dramatically mitigate in-curve weave



- Lateral Dynamics – Wobble / Kickback
  - One essential cause for wobble is front wheel load variation
  - Semi-active suspensions can mitigate wobble events



Courtesy of Eurosport

- Lateral Dynamics – Highsider
  - When a sliding rear wheel grips again, the rear spring is compressed dramatically
  - The rapid expansion of this preloaded spring leads to a catapult-like acceleration of rider and motorcycle, mostly upwards
  - **eRRide** technology restrains spring uptake and expansion and so mitigates highsider events

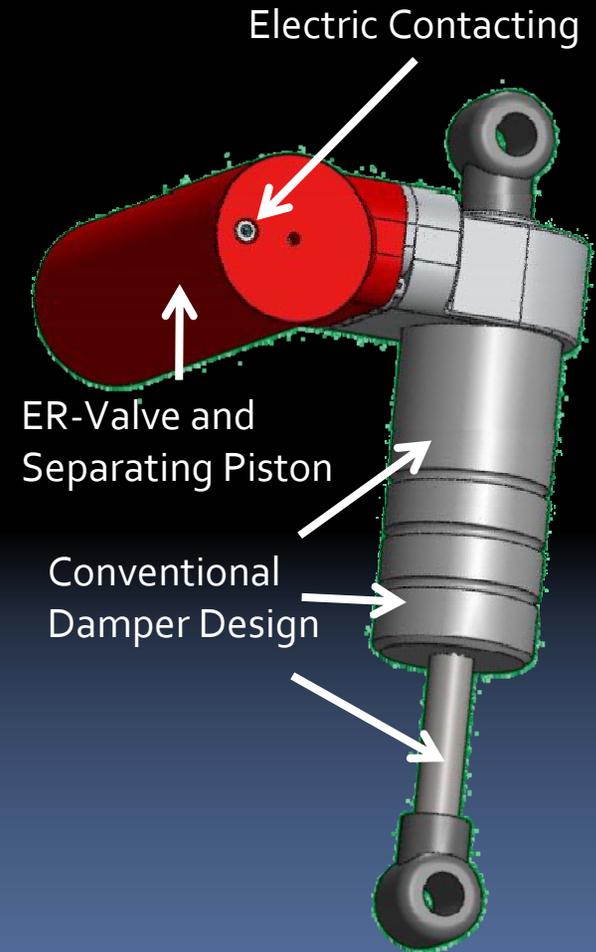


Courtesy of RTL

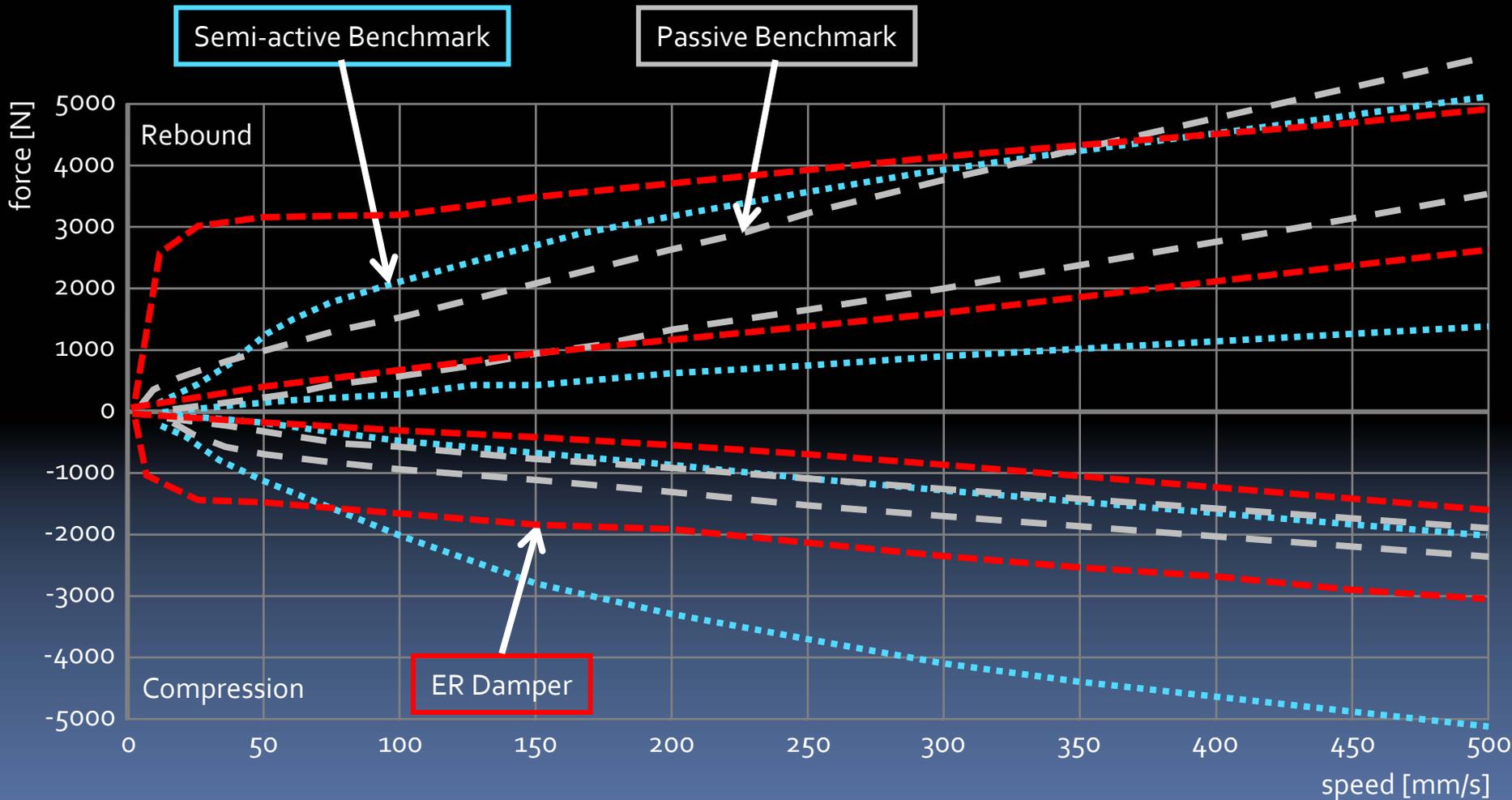
- Vertical Dynamics – Load, Comfort and Wheel Load Variations
  - Wheel load variation of motorcycles in some driving situations is extreme (can exceed 400% of static wheel load)
  - Semi-active suspensions with high authority on the vehicle like **eRRide** considerably reduce heave and pitch motions and so improve rider comfort
  - Dynamic wheel load variations are clearly reduced by **eRRide**, the fastest responding semi-active suspension system offered today. This is extremely helpful in ABS braking situations on uneven road

# ER Motorcycle Damper Design

- Damper packaging designed for actual motorcycle
- Damping force is only generated on the pressure side
- Static friction  $< 40\text{N}$ ; comparable to the friction of top-quality off-the-shelf shock absorbers for hyper-sport motorcycles
- High hydraulic stiffness; extremely fast response to highly dynamic events such like tyre chatter ( $\ll 10\mu\text{s}$ )
- High authority especially at low damper velocities
- Extremely quick response to force change requests ( $< 10\text{ms}$ )



# ER Motorcycle Damper Benchmark





# ER Motorcycle Damper System and Project Issues

- System to be completed by client (ECU, tuning software, sensors, control)
- Ongoing tests at damper manufacturer
- Future tests at OEM on race track
- Pre-production 1Q10

**THANK YOU**